



Architecture | Engineering | Construction

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December 15, 2020

Prince George's County Public Schools
13300 Old Marlboro Pike
Upper Marlboro, Maryland 20772
Attention: Mr. Alex Baylor

RE: Indoor Air Quality Assessment, Calverton Elementary School
IFB: 022-19
ATI Project Number: 20-702

Dear Mr. Baylor:

Prince George's County Public Schools requested that ATI, Inc., conduct a proactive indoor air quality (IAQ) assessment at Calverton Elementary School on December 8, 2020. The assessment key findings are enclosed in the Executive Summary on page three, and the official laboratory report for total fungal spore trap sampling is enclosed in Appendix A.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide Industrial Hygiene services for Prince George's County Public Schools. If you have any questions regarding this report, please contact us at (202) 643-4283.

Sincerely,
ATI, INC.

Courtney E. McCall
Project Manager

Nate Burgei, CIH, CSP
Certified Industrial Hygienist

Indoor Air Quality Assessment Report

Prince George's County Public Schools
Calverton Elementary School
3400 Beltsville Road
Beltsville, Maryland 20705

Prepared for:

Prince George's County Public Schools
13300 Old Marlboro Pike
Upper Marlboro, Maryland 20772

December 15, 2020

Submitted by:



ATI Job # 20-702

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Abbreviations and Acronyms

AHU	Air-Handling Unit
AIHA	American Industrial Hygiene Association
ASHRAE	American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers
ASTM	American Society for Testing and Materials
CO	Carbon Monoxide
CO₂	Carbon Dioxide
EMLAP	Environmental Microbiology Laboratory Accreditation Program
HVAC	Heating, Ventilating, And Air-Conditioning
IAQ	Indoor Air Quality
NIST	National Institute for Standards and Technology
NVLAP	National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program
RH	Relative Humidity
Rev.	Revision

Abbreviations involving scientific volume and measurements involving media or water sampling

Counts/m³	Mold spores per cubic meter of air
LPM	Liters Per Minute
NTE	Not to exceed
°F	degree Fahrenheit
PPM	Parts Per Million

1 Executive Summary

ATI conducted a proactive Indoor Air Quality (IAQ) assessment on December 8, 2020, at Calverton Elementary School, located at 3400 Beltsville Road, Beltsville, Maryland 20705.

The assessment included a visual assessment of randomly selected classrooms and other frequently occupied spaces, such as the cafeteria, the main office, and classrooms, for potential IAQ contributors and pathways. As part of the assessment, ATI measured common IAQ comfort parameters, including temperature, relative humidity, carbon dioxide, and carbon monoxide. Also, ATI collected total fungal air samples on spore trap cassettes for microbiological analysis.

The following is a summary of the key findings from this assessment:

1. Four of the tested spaces had a temperature greater than the ASHRAE recommended winter range of 68-75°F.
2. The relative humidity in all tested spaces was less than the ASHRAE guidelines of <65%, yet was also <30%, which can cause occupant discomfort.
3. Carbon dioxide concentrations in all tested spaces were less than the ASHRAE limit for carbon dioxide, which was 1,088 parts per million (PPM) for the day of the assessment.
4. Carbon monoxide concentrations were less than the IAQ meter's detection limit throughout the tested spaces.
5. The spore trap sampling results suggest that significant indoor amplification of mold was not present. While concentrations of *Cladosporium*, basidiospores, and ascospores detected in few tested spaces exceeded the ambient sample, the measured concentrations of these spores indoors do not suggest noteworthy amplification and are not considered unusual.

2 Assessment Methods

Mikal Frater of ATI, Inc. conducted a visual assessment and air sampling on December 8, 2020. Sampled rooms were randomly selected and accounted for approximately 10% of classrooms or a minimum of five samples. Ms. Frater documented visual observations at the time she collected the air samples. ATI references the American Society of Heating, Refrigerating, and Air-Conditioning Engineers (ASHRAE) *Standard 62.1 – 2016* and *ASHRAE Standard 55 – 2017* when providing IAQ services to clients. ASHRAE is an industry leader on energy efficiency and indoor air quality.

All measurements and air samples were collected between three-six feet from floor elevation, which represents a typical adult breathing zone, and away from air-supply and return diffusers. Real-time direct readings for temperature, relative humidity, carbon dioxide (CO₂), and carbon monoxide (CO), were measured with a calibrated TSI Q-Trak 7575-X Meter and attached 982 Probe.

Total fungal air samples were collected with a Buck BioAire High-Volume Sampling Pump on Zefon Air-O-Cell spore-trap cassettes at a flow rate of 15 liters per minute for five minutes, for a sample volume of 75 liters. AMA Analytical Services, Inc. of Lanham, MD analyzed the samples using direct microscopic examination per ASTM D7391-09, which counts both viable and non-viable mold spores and particulates, which combined yields *total fungal* results. AMA participates in the National Institute of Standards and Technology's (NIST) National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP) for general laboratory performance and management, and the American Industrial Hygiene Association (AIHA) for Environmental Microbial Laboratory Accreditation Program (EMLAP). The AMA laboratory reports are included in Appendix A.

3 Visual Observations

Table 1 lists the areas, conditions, observations, and other pertinent details related to this IAQ assessment. On the date of the sampling event, few occupants were present in the school because of the COVID-19 global pandemic.

Table 1: Visual Observations and Sampling Locations

Sample Location	Observations
Parking Lot – Outdoors	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mostly clear skies • No foot and vehicle traffic observed • Light winds
Main Office	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • One occupant in the area during sampling • No odors, stained ceiling tiles, or visible mold growth observed • Door to corridor CLOSED during sampling • New Friedrich A/C unit OFF during sampling • Univent along wall OFF during sampling • No dust accumulation in this space • Space is approximately 480 ft.²
Multi-Purpose Room	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Currently used as book storage • Light dust accumulation • No odors, stained ceiling tiles, or visible mold growth observed • Four occupants, not near sampling area • Space is approximately 3,009 ft.²
Room 106	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • No odors, stained ceiling tiles, or visible mold growth observed • One occupant in the area during sampling • New Friedrich A/C unit OFF during sampling • Univent along wall OFF during sampling • Trace dust accumulation in this space • One air return in this space • Space is approximately 760 ft.²
Room 111	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • One occupant in the area during sampling • Trace dust accumulation in this space • Three wall units in this space • Room has outdoor access via emergency exit • One portion of ceiling tile missing • Two air diffusers in this space • No odor, visible mold growth, or stained ceiling tiles observed • Space is approximately 768 ft.²
Room 212	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • No odors or visible mold growth observed • Light dust accumulation in this space • One occupant in area during sampling • Two new Friedrich A/C units OFF during sampling • Two wall units OFF during sampling • Ceiling tile right under A/C unit looks damp with light brown stains • Two air diffusers in this space • Space is approximately 792 ft.²

Sample Location	Observations
Room 205	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No odor, visible mold growth, or stained ceiling tiles observed Three wall units OFF during sampling One Friedrich A/C unit OFF during sampling Light dust accumulation in this space Two air diffusers in this space Space is approximately 864 ft.²

4 Thermal Environmental Conditions for Human Occupancy

ASHRAE *Standard 55-2017, Thermal Environmental Conditions for Human Occupancy*, addresses thermal comfort in an office environment, which means that an employee wearing a normal amount of clothing feels neither too cold nor too warm. This standard discusses thermal comfort within the context of air temperature, humidity, and air movement and provides recommended ranges for temperature and humidity that are intended to satisfy 80% of occupants. The recommended ASHRAE ranges are referenced below by each comfort parameter.

4.1 Temperature

The ASHRAE standard establishes a winter comfort range of between 68°F and 75°F and a summer range of between 73°F and 79°F. The temperature measured during the December 8, 2020, assessment are summarized in Table 2. As indicated by the data in the table, temperatures in the school averaged between 71°F and 91°F, with four locations measuring greater than the ASHRAE recommended winter range.

Table 2: Temperature

Sample Location	12/08/2020 °F			ASHRAE Standard °F
	Min	Max	Average	
Outdoors	50	50	50	N/A
Indoors				
Main Office	70	71	71	68-75°F
Multi-Purpose Room	73	73	73	68-75°F
Room 106	90	90	90	68-75°F
Room 111	80	80	80	68-75°F
Room 212	90	91	91	68-75°F
Room 205	76	77	77	68-75°F

4.2 Relative Humidity

Relative humidity is a key factor for mold growth. Mold has the potential of growing on suitable surfaces with humidity levels above 65%. ASHRAE *Standard 62.1-2016, Ventilation for Acceptable Indoor Air Quality*, recommends a maximum indoor relative humidity of 65% to prevent condensation of moisture on surfaces. Relative humidity below 30% may result in drying of occupants' mucous membranes and skin. Relative humidity measurements are summarized in Table 3. As indicated by the data in the table, the average

relative humidity ranged between 9% and 21% with all tested locations measuring less than the ASHRAE maximum recommendation of 65% relative humidity, yet also less than 30% relative humidity.

Table 3: Relative Humidity

Sample Location	12/08/2020 (% RH)			ASHRAE Standard (% RH)
	Min	Max	Average	
Outdoors	22	23	23	N/A
Indoors				
Main Office	20	22	21	< 65
Multi-Purpose Room	19	19	19	< 65
Room 106	12	12	12	< 65
Room 111	8	9	9	< 65
Room 212	11	14	13	< 65
Room 205	12	13	13	< 65

4.3 Carbon Dioxide

Carbon dioxide concentrations within an occupied building are a standard method used to gauge the efficiency of ventilation systems. Carbon dioxide is a by-product of human respiration and does not pose an acute health hazard alone. Elevated concentrations may suggest that insufficient fresh air is being supplied to an occupied space and/or that the ventilation system does not provide a sufficient rate of air exchange.

Research has indicated that buildings with adequately operating ventilation systems are able to remove odors generated by activities in an indoor office environment efficiently. ASHRAE *Standard 62.1-2016* states that comfort (odor) criteria with respect to human bioeffluents are likely to be satisfied if the ventilation can maintain indoor carbon dioxide concentrations less than 700 parts per million (ppm) greater than the outdoor air concentration. Typically, outdoor carbon dioxide concentrations range from 300 ppm to 450 ppm, with the higher range typically found in urban areas during peak rush hour.

Carbon dioxide concentrations are summarized in Table 4. On the day of the assessment, the average outdoor carbon dioxide concentration was 388 ppm, which calculates to a maximum indoor concentration of 1,088 ppm (700 + 388). All tested locations indoors were less than the recommended maximum for the day of the assessment.

Table 4: Carbon Dioxide

Sample Location	12/08/2020 Concentration (parts per million)			ASHRAE Standard (ppm) NTE
	Min	Max	Average	
Outdoors	378	397	388	N/A
Indoors				
Main Office	385	409	397	1,088
Multi-Purpose Room	396	396	396	1,088
Room 106	459	465	465	1,088
Room 111	426	442	434	1,088
Room 212	503	522	513	1,088
Room 205	408	410	409	1,088

4.4 Carbon Monoxide

Carbon monoxide is a colorless and odorless gas produced by the incomplete combustion of carbon containing fuels. Oil, gasoline, diesel fuels, wood, coke, and coal are the major sources of carbon monoxide. ASHRAE recommends that carbon monoxide not exceed nine ppm indoors over an eight-hour time-weighted average. ATI measured carbon monoxide concentrations using a TSI Q-Trak model number 7575-X with an attached IAQ probe (model number 982). The instrument’s carbon monoxide sensor has an error range of ± 3% of the reading or three (3) ppm, whichever is greater. As indicated by the data in Table 5, carbon monoxide concentrations were less than the Q-Trak’s detection limit throughout the school.

Table 5: Carbon Monoxide

Sample Location	12/08/2020 Concentration (parts per million)			ASHRAE Standard (ppm)
	Min	Max	Average	
Outdoors	<3	<3	<3	N/A
Inside				
Main Office	<3	<3	<3	< 9
Multi-Purpose Room	<3	<3	<3	< 9
Room 106	<3	<3	<3	< 9
Room 111	<3	<3	<3	< 9
Room 212	<3	<3	<3	< 9
Room 205	<3	<3	<3	< 9

5 Total Fungal Air Sampling Results

Mold is carried indoors through building entrances, open windows, loading docks, foot traffic into buildings, and the HVAC system. To thrive indoors, mold requires a food source, proper temperature and humidity to foster its growth.

The December 8, 2020 mold assessment sampled air using spore trap cassettes in randomly selected classrooms and other areas throughout the facility. These cassettes collect both viable spores, those capable of producing more fungal colonies, and non-viable spores, which cannot reproduce. Based upon recognized industry practices, indoor mold concentrations are compared with those detected outdoors, which are also known as ambient or baseline samples.

In normal circumstances, the diversity of spores identified indoors and outdoors should be similar with some exceptions. The high concentration of one or two species of fungal spores identified indoors and the absence of the same species outdoors can indicate a moisture problem with the potential to degrade the air quality. Fungi species present indoors are typically found at levels ranging from approximately 10-50% of their levels in the outdoor air, reflecting the filtering by the building’s HVAC system.

The results suggest the indoor concentrations were generally favorable compared to the outdoor concentrations. The total ambient, outdoor spore concentration was 624 counts/m³, and most tested rooms had total spore concentrations less than the ambient total. One tested room, Room 212, had a total spore concentration of 884 counts/m³, with a basidiospores concentration of 468 counts/m³ and a *Cladosporium* concentration of 208 counts/m³. The outdoor concentrations of basidiospores and *Cladosporium* were 312 counts/m³ and 0 counts/m³, respectively. Room 205 also had a greater concentration of basidiospores than what was detected in the ambient sample, 364 counts/m³.

The *Cladosporium* concentrations that were greater than the respective outdoor concentrations suggest, at most, a trivial amount of indoor presence and did not exceed 364 counts/m³. The measured concentrations are not unusual in occupied spaces, as total spore

concentrations in a typical indoor space are at or less than 1,000 spores/m³. It is also noteworthy that the ambient, outdoor spore concentration was unusually low relative to the season as outdoor concentrations can range from 1,000 spores/m³ to well beyond 100,000 spores/m³ on any given day.

Three tested spaces, Room 111, Room 212, and Room 205, all contained greater concentrations of ascospores than was detected in the ambient sample, 52 counts/m³. The concentrations measured indoors, 256 counts/m³ being the highest concentration, do not suggest significant elevation. The presence of this ascospores and basidiospores in the low concentration observed is not unusual and does not suggest significant water intrusion or mold growth as they are typically associated with outdoor origin.

The official laboratory report with spore trap samples collected on December 8, 2020, is presented in Appendix A.

6 Summary of Findings

1. Four of the tested spaces had a temperature greater than the ASHRAE recommended winter range of 68-75°F.
2. The relative humidity in all tested spaces were less than the ASHRAE guidelines of <65%, yet was also <30%, which can cause occupant discomfort.
3. Carbon dioxide concentrations in all tested spaces were less than the ASHRAE limit for carbon dioxide, which was 1,088 parts per million (PPM) for the day of the assessment.
4. Carbon monoxide concentrations were less than the IAQ meter's detection limit throughout the tested spaces.
5. The spore trap sampling results suggest that significant indoor amplification of mold was not present. While concentrations of *Cladosporium*, basidiospores, and ascospores detected in few tested spaces exceeded the ambient sample, the measured concentrations of these spores indoors do not suggest noteworthy amplification and are not considered unusual.

We appreciate the opportunity to provide these IAQ testing services for you. If you have any questions, please contact us at (202) 643-4283.

Best,
ATI, INC.



Courtney E. McCall
Project Manager



Nate Burgei, CIH, CSP
Certified Industrial Hygienist

Appendix A: Laboratory Report and Chain of Custody

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

ASTM D7391-09 Spore Trap Analysis Report

Chain of Custody: 285309
Client: ATI, Inc.
Address: 9220 Rumsey Road
 Suite 100
 Columbia, MD 21045
Attention: Mikal Frater

Job Name: Calverton Elementary School
Job Location: 3400 Beltsville Road, Beltsville, MD 20705
Job Number: 20-702
P.O. Number: Not Provided

Date Submitted: 12/09/2020
Person Submitting: Mikal Frater
Date Analyzed: 12/14/2020
Report Date: 12/14/2020

AMA Sample # 285309-1
Client ID 20-702-1
Analyst ID TLW
Collection Apparatus Air-O-Cell
Sample Volume (L) 75
Sample Condition Acceptable
Debris Loading 2
Location Outdoors - Parking Lot

AMA Sample # 285309-2
Client ID 20-702-2
Analyst ID MG
Collection Apparatus Air-O-Cell
Sample Volume (L) 0
Sample Condition Acceptable
Debris Loading 1
Location Field Blank

AMA Sample # 285309-3
Client ID 20-702-3
Analyst ID MG
Collection Apparatus Air-O-Cell
Sample Volume (L) 75
Sample Condition Acceptable
Debris Loading 1
Location Main Office

	Raw Ct	Trav/Flds	A.S.	sp/m ³	%		Raw Ct	Trav/Flds	A.S.	sp/m ³	%		Raw Ct	Trav/Flds	A.S.	sp/m ³	%	
Alternaria						Alternaria						Alternaria						
Ascospores	1	15	52	52	8.3%	Ascospores						Ascospores	1	23	52	52	14.3%	
Basidiospores	6	15	52	312	50%	Basidiospores						Basidiospores	3	23	52	156	42.9%	
Bipolaris/Drechslera/Helm.						Bipolaris/Drechslera/Helm.						Bipolaris/Drechslera/Helm.						
Chaetomium						Chaetomium						Chaetomium						
Cladosporium						Cladosporium						Cladosporium	3	23	52	156	42.9%	
Curvularia						Curvularia						Curvularia						
Penicillium / Aspergillus	3	15	52	156	25%	Penicillium / Aspergillus						Penicillium / Aspergillus						
Smuts/Periconia/Myxomycetes	2	15	52	104	16.7%	Smuts/Periconia/Myxomycetes						Smuts/Periconia/Myxomycetes						
Stachybotrys/Memnoniella						Stachybotrys/Memnoniella						Stachybotrys/Memnoniella						
Ulocladium						Ulocladium						Ulocladium						
Unknown						Unknown						Unknown						
Other Colorless						Other Colorless						Other Colorless						
Pithomyces						Pithomyces						Pithomyces						
Hyphal Fragments*						Hyphal Fragments*						Hyphal Fragments*	1	23	52	52	14.3%	
Total Raw Ct:	12					Total Raw Ct:	0					Total Raw Ct:	7					
			Total sp/m³:	624					Total sp/m³:	0					Total sp/m³:	364		

Comments

Comments

No mold spores observed.

Comments



CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

ASTM D7391-09 Spore Trap Analysis Report

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Client: ATI, Inc.
Address: 9220 Rumsey Road
 Suite 100
 Columbia, MD 21045
Attention: Mikal Frater

Job Name: Calverton Elementary School
Job Location: 3400 Beltsville Road, Beltsville, MD 20705
Job Number: 20-702
P.O. Number: Not Provided

Date Submitted: 12/09/2020
Person Submitting: Mikal Frater
Date Analyzed: 12/14/2020
Report Date: 12/14/2020

AMA Sample # 285309-4
Client ID 20-702-4
Analyst ID MG
Collection Apparatus Air-O-Cell
Sample Volume (L) 75
Sample Condition Acceptable
Debris Loading 1
Location Multi-purpose Room

AMA Sample # 285309-5
Client ID 20-702-5
Analyst ID MG
Collection Apparatus Air-O-Cell
Sample Volume (L) 75
Sample Condition Acceptable
Debris Loading 1
Location Room 106

AMA Sample # 285309-6
Client ID 20-702-6
Analyst ID MG
Collection Apparatus Air-O-Cell
Sample Volume (L) 75
Sample Condition Acceptable
Debris Loading 1
Location Room 111

	Raw Ct	Trav/Flds	A.S.	sp/m ³	%
Alternaria					
Ascospores					
Basidiospores	2	23	52	104	16.7%
Bipolaris/Drechslera/Helm.					
Chaetomium					
Cladosporium	7	23	52	364	58.3%
Curvularia					
Penicillium / Aspergillus	1	23	52	52	8.3%
Smuts/Periconia/Myxomycetes					
Stachybotrys/Memnoniella					
Ulocladium					
Unknown					
Other Colorless	2	23	52	104	16.7%
Pithomyces					
Hyphal Fragments*					
Total Raw Ct:	12		Total sp/m³:	624	

Comments

	Raw Ct	Trav/Flds	A.S.	sp/m ³	%
Alternaria					
Ascospores	1	23	52	52	16.7%
Basidiospores	2	23	52	104	33.3%
Bipolaris/Drechslera/Helm.					
Chaetomium					
Cladosporium	Present	23	52	<52	
Curvularia					
Penicillium / Aspergillus	2	23	52	104	33.3%
Smuts/Periconia/Myxomycetes					
Stachybotrys/Memnoniella					
Ulocladium					
Unknown					
Other Colorless	1	23	52	52	16.7%
Pithomyces					
Hyphal Fragments*					
Total Raw Ct:	6		Total sp/m³:	312	

Comments

	Raw Ct	Trav/Flds	A.S.	sp/m ³	%
Alternaria					
Ascospores	3	23	52	156	27.3%
Basidiospores	4	23	52	208	36.4%
Bipolaris/Drechslera/Helm.					
Chaetomium					
Cladosporium	1	23	52	52	9.1%
Curvularia					
Penicillium / Aspergillus	3	23	52	156	27.3%
Smuts/Periconia/Myxomycetes					
Stachybotrys/Memnoniella					
Ulocladium					
Unknown					
Other Colorless					
Pithomyces					
Hyphal Fragments*	1	23	52	52	9.1%
Total Raw Ct:	11		Total sp/m³:	572	

Comments



CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

ASTM D7391-09 Spore Trap Analysis Report

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Attention: Mikal Frater

Job Name: Calverton Elementary School
Job Location: 3400 Beltsville Road, Beltsville, MD 20705
Job Number: 20-702
P.O. Number: Not Provided

Date Submitted: 12/09/2020
Person Submitting: Mikal Frater
Date Analyzed: 12/14/2020
Report Date: 12/14/2020

AMA Sample # 285309-7
Client ID 20-702-7
Analyst ID MG
Collection Apparatus Air-O-Cell
Sample Volume (L) 75
Sample Condition Acceptable
Debris Loading 1
Location Room 212

AMA Sample # 285309-8
Client ID 20-702-8
Analyst ID TLW
Collection Apparatus Air-O-Cell
Sample Volume (L) 75
Sample Condition Acceptable
Debris Loading 1
Location Room 205

	Raw Ct	Trav/Flds	A.S.	sp/m ³	%
Alternaria					
Ascospores	2	23	52	104	11.8%
Basidiospores	9	23	52	468	52.9%
Bipolaris/Drechslera/Helm.					
Chaetomium					
Cladosporium	4	23	52	208	23.5%
Curvularia					
Penicillium / Aspergillus	1	23	52	52	5.9%
Smuts/Periconia/Myxomycetes					
Stachybotrys/Memnoniella					
Ulocladium					
Unknown					
Other Colorless					
Pithomyces	1	23	52	52	5.9%
Hyphal Fragments*					
Total Raw Ct:	17		Total sp/m³:	884	

	Raw Ct	Trav/Flds	A.S.	sp/m ³	%
Alternaria					
Ascospores	2	23	52	104	20%
Basidiospores	7	23	52	364	70%
Bipolaris/Drechslera/Helm.					
Chaetomium					
Cladosporium	1	23	52	52	10%
Curvularia					
Penicillium / Aspergillus					
Smuts/Periconia/Myxomycetes					
Stachybotrys/Memnoniella					
Ulocladium					
Unknown					
Other Colorless					
Pithomyces					
Hyphal Fragments*					
Total Raw Ct:	10		Total sp/m³:	520	

Comments

Comments

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ASTM D7391-09 Spore Trap Analysis Report

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Spore Comparison Guide

The criteria for these specifications are outlined, but not limited to those listed, below. Final specifications may differ from the listed criteria for certain samples. AMA Analytical Services, Inc. reserves the right to make changes to these criteria at any time without notice.



Stachybotrys / Memnoniella, and Chaetomium	Other Spores* (Control Present)	Other Spores* (No Control)
1-4 Spores: Yellow 5-9 Spores: Orange 10+ Spores: Red	< 10 Spores: Insignificant (no color) <= Control's spore count: Green Between Control and 2x Control: Yellow Between 2x Control and 3x Control: Orange 3x+ Control: Red	< 10 Spores: Insignificant (no color) 10-20 Spores: Yellow 20-50 Spores: Orange 50+ Spores: Red

*No evaluation is provided for the following spore types: Other, Other Colorless, and Unknown Fungi, and Misc

Interpretation of the data contained in this report is the sole responsibility of the client or the persons who conducted the field work. There are no federal or national standards for the number of fungal spores that may be present in the indoor environment. As a general rule and guideline that is widely accepted in the indoor air quality field, the numbers and types of spores that are present in the indoor environment should be comparable to those that are present outdoors at any given time. There will always be some mold spores present in "Normal" indoor environments. The purpose of sampling and counting spores is to help determine whether an abnormal condition exists within the indoor environment and if it does, to help pinpoint the area of contamination. Spore counts should not be used as the sole determining factor of mold contamination. There are many factors that can cause anomalies in the comparison of indoor and outdoor samples due to the dynamic nature of both of those environments.

This report is provided for informational and comparative purposes only and should not be relied upon for any other purpose. Sampling techniques, possible contaminants, unrepresentative samples and other similar or dissimilar factors may affect these results. With the statistical evaluation provided, as with all statistical comparisons and analyses, false-positive and false-negative results can and do occur. AMA Analytical Services, Inc. hereby disclaims any liability for any and all direct, indirect, punitive, incidental, special or consequential damages arising out of the use or interpretation of the data contained in, or any actions taken or omitted in reliance upon, this report.

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

ASTM D7391-09 Spore Trap Analysis Report

Chain of Custody:	285309	Job Name:	Calverton Elementary School	Date Submitted:	12/09/2020
Client:	ATI, Inc.	Job Location:	3400 Beltville Road, Beltsville, MD 20705	Person Submitting:	Mikal Frater
Address:	9220 Rumsey Road Suite 100 Columbia, MD 21045	Job Number:	20-702	Date Analyzed:	12/14/2020
Attention:	Mikal Frater	P.O. Number:	Not Provided	Report Date:	12/14/2020

General Comments, Disclaimers, and Footnotes

Analytical Method: Sample are analyzed following the instructions and guidelines outlined in ASTM 7391-09.

Sample Condition: Acceptable: The sample was collected and delivered to the our location without disturbing the material on the sampling media.
Unacceptable: 1. The sample trace (TR) has been disturbed. 2. The sample was damaged or otherwise unsuitable for analysis.
0 = No particulate matter detected; 1 = >nd-~5% Particulate Loading; 2 = ~5%-25% Particulate Loading; 3 = ~25%- 75% Particulate Loading; 4 = ~75%-90% Particulate Loading; 5 = >90% Particulate Loading

Spore Notes: Based on their small size and very few distinguishing characteristics, Aspergillus and Penicillium cannot be differentiated by non-viable sampling methods. There are other types of spores whose morphology is similar to Aspergillus and Penicillium and cannot be differentiated by non-viable sampling methods. Examples of these similar spores are Acremonium, Paecilomyces, Wallemia, Trichoderma, Scopulariopsis, and Gliocladium.
Smuts, Periconia and Myxomycetes are three different types of genera that have similar morphological characteristics.
Bipolaris/Dreschlera/Helm: Bipolaris / Dreschlera / Helminthosporium are three different types of genera that have smiliar morphological characteristics.
Other Colorless represents all colorless spores that are non-distinctive and unidentifiable.
*Hyphal Fragments: A portion of the mycelium that becomes separated from the remainder of the thallus (vegetative body), each of which has the capacity to grow and form new individuals.
Results for hyphal fragments are in fragments/m3 and are not incorporated in the total spore concentration.
The droplet symbol (💧) refers to water-intrusion indicator spores. These fungal spores, when found on indoor air samples, can be an indication of moisture sources and resultant fungal growth that may be problematic.

Quantification: Analytical Sensitivity (A.S.): This is dependent on the volume of air collected, size of the trace, ocular diameter, and the amount of the trace that was analyzed.
The value of "Present" indicated in the Raw Count column represents the presence of this spore type during the preliminary exam at 400x. The Raw Count converts to a whole number if the spore type is encountered again during the 600x-1,000x enumeration. The sp/m3 concentration will be reported as less than the analytical sensitivity if "Present" is reported in the Raw Count.
Results are reported to 3 significant figures. sp/m3: Spores per cubic meter.
Uncertainty: for raw count in the range of 0-50 the SR is 0.375, 51-100 SR=0.333, 101-200 SR=0.257, >200 SR=0.245
All results are to be considered preliminary and subject to change unless signed by the Technical Director or Deputy.
Analyst(s): Tristan Ward, Michael Greenberg



Technical Director Tristan Ward

This report applies only to the sample, or samples, investigated and is not necessarily indicative of the quality or condition of apparently identical or similar products. As a mutual protection to clients, the public, and these Laboratories, this report is submitted and accepted for the exclusive use of the client to whom it is addressed and upon the condition that it is not to be used, in whole or in part, in any advertising or publicity matter without prior written authorization from us. Sample types, locations, and collection protocols are based upon the information provided by the persons submitting them and, unless collected by personnel of these Laboratories, we expressly disclaim any knowledge and liability for the accuracy and completeness of this information. Residual sample material will be discarded in accordance with the appropriate regulatory guidelines, unless otherwise requested by the client.

MOLD SPORE DESCRIPTIONS

Ascospores

Ascospores are spores formed inside an ascus (asci-plural) or sac-like cell which is contained inside a fruiting body called an ascocarp or an ascoma (ascomata-plural). An ascus typically contains a definite number of ascospores, usually eight. Ascospores are unique in shape, size, and color as to the Genus/species they represent. These spores are specific to fungi classified as Ascomycetes. They are ubiquitous in nature. Many decay organic matter, others are plant or animal pathogens. They can grow indoors on damp materials. Release of ascospores are released by forcible ejection and dispersed by wind, water, animals and other agents. Health Effects: Depending on the Genera, Ascospores may be allergenic.

Basidiospores

Basidiospores are reproductive spores produced by a group of fungi called basidiomycetes. This group includes the mushrooms, shelf fungi and various other macrofungi. Basidiospores serve as the main air (wind) dispersal units for the fungi and their release is dependent upon moisture. The structure of the spore complex can develop in various manners resulting in different appearances. It is often found growing in soil, decaying plant debris, compost piles and fruit rot. Indoors, it can be found on water damaged building materials (chipboard /OSB, plywood, wallpaper, and glue) as well as on food items (dried foods, cheeses, fruits, herbs, spices, cereals). Health effects: Some basidiospores may produce toxins and can act as allergens. They have not been reported to be pathogens.

Cladosporium

Cladosporium is the most common indoor and outdoor mold. The spores are wind dispersed and are often extremely abundant in outdoor air. Many species are commonly found on living and dead plant material. Indoors, they may grow on surfaces with high moisture or high humidity levels such as damp window sills, poorly ventilated bathrooms and soiled refrigerators. It produces powdery or velvety olive-green to brown or black colonies. The conidia (spores) vary depending on the species and are formed in simple or branching chains with multi-attachment points. Health Effects: Cladosporium species are rarely pathogenic to humans, but have been reported to occasionally cause sinusitis and pulmonary infections as well as infections of the skin and toenails. The airborne spores are significant allergens, and in large amounts they may severely affect asthmatics and people with respiratory diseases.

Hyphal Fragments

Hyphal Fragments are segments or pieces of hyphae or mycelium that may have broken off during sampling (air, tape, dust). The mycelium is the entire mass of hyphae that makes up the vegetative body of a fungus. The presence of hyphal fragments may indicate the presence of viable mold.

Other Colorless

- "Other Colorless" are all non-distinctive, unidentifiable, colorless spores seen on spore trap samples and include all the genera that do not have distinguishing morphology to belong to any of the other defined categories."

Penicillium/Aspergillus Like

Penicillium and Aspergillus are ubiquitous, filamentous fungi that are found in soil, decaying plant debris, compost piles, and in the air. Indoors, spores are commonly found in house dust, in water-damaged buildings (wallpaper, wallpaper glue, decaying fabrics, moist chipboards, and behind paint) as well as fruit and grains. They are the most common fungal genera, worldwide. Both produce chains of spores that are small, round to oval, colorless or slightly pigmented, and smooth to rough walled. These spores are indistinguishable between the two as well as other genera, such as Gliocladium, Trichoderma, Paecilomyces, and Scopulariopsis. They differ as to their conidiophores or fruiting bodies. While, Aspergillus spores are produced from phialides supported on conidia heads or swollen vesicles, Penicillium spores are produced on finger-like projections. Depending on species, typical colonies of Aspergillus are initially white and later turn to either shades of green, yellow, orange, brown or black. Texture is usually velvety to cottony. Typical colonies of Penicillium, other than Penicillium marneffei (yeast-like at 37°C), grow rapidly, white in color at first, later becoming bluish green with white borders with velvety to powdery textures depending on species. Some species produce radial patterns. Health Effects: Both Aspergillus and Penicillium are potential allergens. Several species of Aspergillus (*A. flavus* and *A. parasiticus*) produce aflatoxins or naturally occurring mycotoxins that are toxic and carcinogenic. These are found in contaminated foodstuff and are hazardous to consumers. Penicillium has only one known species that is pathogenic to humans (*P. marneffei*) that causes lethal systemic infection (Penicilliosis) in immunocompromised individuals.

Pithomyces

Pithomyces is a cosmopolitan, dark-walled fungus often found growing outside in soil, decaying leaves, and grasses. It is rarely found growing indoors, but will grow on paper given the right conditions. Colonies grow rapidly, cottony in texture with light to dark brownish black surface color. Spores are single, oval yellow to dark brown, multi-celled, and usually rough. One identification feature of the spores is the resemblance to barrels. Another identifying character is beak-like structures on young spores. Spores of *Pithomyces chartarum* are most common and are identified by distinctive transverse septa. This species has been linked to facial eczema in sheep. Health Effects: It is a potential but not well-studied allergen or human pathogen.

Smuts/Periconia/Myxomycetes

Smuts, Periconia, and Myxomycetes spores are grouped together due to their similar round, brown morphology. Smuts are outdoor parasitic plant pathogens. They rarely grow indoors but may grow on host plants if appropriate conditions are present. They are parasitic plant pathogens. They can be found on cereal crops, grasses, flowering plants, weed, and other fungi. They can cause allergies. Periconia are found in soils, dead herbaceous stems and leaf spots, and grasses. They have wind dispersed dry spores. Their spores are abundant in the air but it is not known if they are allergenic. Myxomycetes are found on decaying logs, stumps and dead leaves. They have wind-dispersed dry spores and wet motile (amoebic phase) spores. During favorable conditions they move about like amoebae. They form dry airborne spores when conditions are unfavorable. They are rarely found indoors. Health Effects: They may cause Type 1 allergies (hay fever, asthma). No human infections have been reported.



AMA Analytical Services, Inc.

Focused on Results www.amalab.com
 AIHA-LAP (#100470) NVLAP (#101143-0) NY ELAP (10920)
 4475 Forbes Blvd. • Lanham, MD 20706
 (301) 459-2640 • (800) 346-0961 • Fax (301) 459-2643

CHAIN OF CUSTODY

(Please Refer To This Number For Inquires)

285309

Mailing/Billing Information:

- Client Name: AM, Inc.
- Address 1: 4221 Forbes Blvd
- Address 2: 250 Suite
- Address 3: Lanham, MD 20706
- Phone #: _____ Fax #: _____

Submittal Information:

- Job Name: Calverton Elementary School
- Job Location: 3400 Beltsville RD, Beltsville, MD 20705
- Job #: 20-702 P.O. #: _____
- Contact Person: Mikal Frater Cell: (818) 702-8624
- Collected by: " Cell: _____

Reporting Info (Results provided as soon as technically feasible). If no TAT/Reporting Info is provided, AMA will assign defaults of 5-Day and email/fax to contacts on file.

AFTER HOURS (must be pre-scheduled) <input type="checkbox"/> 4 Hours <input type="checkbox"/> Immediate Date Due: _____ <input type="checkbox"/> 24 Hours Time Due: _____ Comments: _____		NORMAL BUSINESS HOURS <input type="checkbox"/> 4 Hours <input type="checkbox"/> Same Day <input type="checkbox"/> Next Day <input type="checkbox"/> 2 Day <input type="checkbox"/> 3 Day <input type="checkbox"/> 5 Day + Date Due: <u>12/16/20</u> <input type="checkbox"/> Results Required By Noon		REPORT TO: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Email: <u>Mikal @atinc.com</u> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Email 2: <u>Courtney @atinc.com</u> <input type="checkbox"/> Verbals: _____
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Asbestos Analysis

*PCM Air - Please Indicate Filter Type: _____

- NIOSH 7400 (QTY)
- Fiberglass (QTY)

TEM Air* - Please Indicate Filter Type: _____

- AHERA (QTY)
- NIOSH 7402 (QTY)
- Other (specify _____) (QTY)

PLM Bulk

- EPA 600 - Visual Estimate (QTY) Pos Stop
- EPA Point Count (QTY)
- NY State Friable 198.1 (QTY)
- Grav. Reduction ELAP 198.6 (QTY)
- Other (specify _____) (QTY)

MISC

- Vermiculite
 - Asbestos Soil PLM (Qual) PLM (Quan) PLM/TEM (Qual) PLM/TEM (Quan)
- *It is recommended that blank samples be submitted with all air and surface samples.

TEM Bulk

- ELAP 198.4/Chatfield (QTY)
- NY State PLM/TEM (QTY)
- Residual Ash (QTY)

TEM Dust*

- Qual. (pres/abs) Vacuum/Dust (QTY)
- Quan. (s/area) Vacuum D5755-95 (QTY)
- Quan. (s/area) Dust D6480-99 (QTY)

TEM Water

- Qual. (pres/abs) (QTY)
- ELAP 198.2/EPA 100.2 (QTY)
- EPA 100.1 (QTY)

All samples received in good condition unless otherwise noted.
 (TEM Water samples _____ °C)

Metals Analysis

- Pb Paint Chip (QTY)
- *Pb Dust Wipe (wipe type _____) (QTY)
- *Pb Air (QTY)
- Pb Soil/Solid (QTY)
- Pb TCLP (QTY)
- Drinking Water Pb (QTY) Cu (QTY) As (QTY)
- Waste Water Pb (QTY) Cu (QTY) As (QTY)
- Pb Furnace (Media _____) (QTY)

Fungal Analysis

- Collection Apparatus for Spore Traps/Air Samples: _____
 Collection Media _____
- *Spore-Trap 8 (QTY) Surface Vacuum Dust (QTY)
 - *Surface Swab (QTY) Culturable ID Genus (Media _____) (QTY)
 - *Surface Tape (QTY) Culturable ID Species (Media _____) (QTY)
 - Other (Specify _____) (QTY)

CLIENT CONTACT

(LABORATORY STAFF ONLY)

CLIENT ID #	SAMPLE INFORMATION		DATE/TIME	VOL (L)/Wipe Area	ANALYSIS											CLIENT CONTACT			
	SAMPLE LOCATION/ID				TEM	PCM	PLM	LEAD	MOLD	AIR	BULK	DUST	MATRIX	WATER AND OTHER	SPORE TRAP	TAPE	SWAB	Date/Time:	Contact/By:
20-702	1	Outdoors Parking Lot	10:21	75L															
20-702	2	Field Blank	—	75L															
20-702	3	Main Office	10:36	75L															
20-702	4	Multi-purpose room	10:42	75L															
20-702	5	room 106	10:50	75L															
20-702	6	room 111	10:59	75L															
20-702	7	room 212	11:08	75L															
20-702	8	room 205	11:18	75L															

Relinquished by: <u>Mikal Frater</u>	Print Name	Signature: <u>Mikal Frater</u>	Date: <u>12.09.20</u>	Time: <u>1:25 PM</u>	Shipping Information <input type="checkbox"/> UPS <input type="checkbox"/> In-Person <input type="checkbox"/> Other <input type="checkbox"/> FedEx <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Drop Box <input type="checkbox"/> USPS <input type="checkbox"/> Courier Airbill/Tracking No: _____
Received by: _____					
Relinquished by: _____					
Received for Lab by: _____			<u>12/9/20</u>	<u>1400</u>	

Appendix B: Instrument Calibration Records

Certificate of Calibration

- () Buck™ BioAire Pump Calibration Rotameter
() Buck™ BioSlide Pump Calibration Rotameter

Serial number: R14536

Date Calibrated: 12/27/19

Calibration Due Date: 12/27/20

Flow Calibration

This is to certify that the rotameter listed above has been calibrated using a Buck Primary calibrator listed below which is calibrated according to A.P. Buck, Inc. calibration procedure APB-1, Ver. 6.2 and is traceable to the National Institute of Standards & Technology (N.I.S.T). A.P. Buck guarantees the accuracy of the rotameter to be within $\pm 5\%$ of the actual flow rate.

AMBIENT CONDITIONS: Temperature $74\pm 3^{\circ}$ F Relative Humidity $50\pm 10\%$

Description	MFR.	Model	Serial #
Primary Calibrator	A.P. Buck Inc.	M30B	<input type="checkbox"/> A40020 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A40021

QA Approval By: Maroni Menk

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A.P. BUCK, INC.
7101 Presidents Drive, Suite 110
Orlando, FL 32809
Phone: 407-851-8602
Fax: 407-851-8910

BUCK
A.P. BUCK, INC.



CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION AND TESTING

TSI Incorporated, 500 Cardigan Road, Shoreview, MN 55126 USA
Tel: 1-800-874-2811 1-651-490-2811 Fax: 1-651-490-3824 http://www.tsi.com

ENVIRONMENT CONDITIONS			MODEL	982
TEMPERATURE	74.0 (23.3)	°F (°C)	SERIAL NUMBER	P17100007
RELATIVE HUMIDITY	34	%RH		
BAROMETRIC PRESSURE	29.20 (988.8)	inHg (hPa)		

AS LEFT IN TOLERANCE
 AS FOUND OUT OF TOLERANCE

- CALIBRATION VERIFICATION RESULTS -

GAS CO ₂ AS FOUND				SYSTEM G-101			Unit: ppm
#	STANDARD	MEASURED	ALLOWABLE RANGE	#	STANDARD	MEASURED	ALLOWABLE RANGE
1	0	0	0~50	4	3015.3	* 2902.7	2924.9~3105.8
2	499	458	449~549	5	5056	* 4859.6	4904.3~5207.7
3	1002	963	952~1052				

GAS CO AS FOUND				SYSTEM G-101			Unit: ppm
#	STANDARD	MEASURED	ALLOWABLE RANGE	#	STANDARD	MEASURED	ALLOWABLE RANGE
1	35.1	* 29.5	32.1~38.1	2	100.5	* 84.8	97.5~103.5

TEMPERATURE AS FOUND				SYSTEM T-101			Unit: °F (°C)
#	STANDARD	MEASURED	ALLOWABLE RANGE	#	STANDARD	MEASURED	ALLOWABLE RANGE
1	32.1 (0.0)	32.8 (0.4)	31.1~33.1 (-0.5~0.6)	2	140.02 (60.01)	* 141.31 (60.73)	139.02~141.02 (59.45~60.57)

HUMIDITY AS FOUND				SYSTEM H-102			Unit: %RH
#	STANDARD	MEASURED	ALLOWABLE RANGE	#	STANDARD	MEASURED	ALLOWABLE RANGE
1	10.0	10.4	7.0~13.0	4	70.0	67.1	67.0~73.0
2	30.0	29.3	27.0~33.0	5	90.01	* 85.88	87.01~93.01
3	50.0	48.5	47.0~53.0				

*Indicates Out-of-Tolerance Condition

TSI does hereby certify that the above described instrument conforms to the original manufacturer's specification (not applicable to As Found data) and has been calibrated using standards whose accuracies are traceable to the United States National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) or has been verified with respect to instrumentation whose accuracy is traceable to NIST, or is derived from accepted values of physical constants. TSI's calibration system is registered to ISO-9001:2015.

Measurement Variable	System ID	Last Cal.	Cal. Due	Measurement Variable	System ID	Last Cal.	Cal. Due
5000 CO ₂	14A044095	04-06-20	04-06-25	200 CO	149886	04-30-20	03-24-28
N ₂	T-0608	05-19-20	05-19-28	Air	T17939	04-09-20	04-09-28
Flow	E003341	09-03-19	09-30-20	Flow	E003980	04-22-20	04-30-21
Flow	E003525	01-06-20	01-31-21	Flow	E003342	09-03-19	09-30-20
2000 C4H8	EB0054467	08-13-19	08-12-22	100 C4H8	CC507339	03-24-20	03-24-28
Temperature	E010657	02-14-20	02-28-21	Temperature	E010658	02-14-20	02-28-21
Temperature	E010655	01-21-20	01-31-21	Humidity	E003539	02-26-20	08-31-20

Chimera Use
 VERIFIED

June 15, 2020

DATE

Doc ID CERT_GEN_WCC



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ENVIRONMENT CONDITIONS			MODEL	982
TEMPERATURE	70.41 (21.3)	°F (°C)	SERIAL NUMBER	P17100007
RELATIVE HUMIDITY	50.3	%RH		
BAROMETRIC PRESSURE	29.15 (987.1)	inHg (hPa)		

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> AS LEFT	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> IN TOLERANCE
<input type="checkbox"/> AS FOUND	<input type="checkbox"/> OUT OF TOLERANCE

- CALIBRATION VERIFICATION RESULTS -

TEMPERATURE VERIFICATION				SYSTEM T-101				Unit: °F (°C)
#	STANDARD	MEASURED	ALLOWABLE RANGE	#	STANDARD	MEASURED	ALLOWABLE RANGE	
1	22.1 (9.0)	31.9 (-0.1)	31.1-33.1 (-0.5-0.6)	2	140.0 (60.0)	140.5 (60.3)	139.0-141.0 (59.5-60.6)	

HUMIDITY VERIFICATION				SYSTEM H-102				Unit: %RH
#	STANDARD	MEASURED	ALLOWABLE RANGE	#	STANDARD	MEASURED	ALLOWABLE RANGE	
1	10.0	9.0	7.8-12.2	4	70.0	69.5	67.8-72.2	
2	30.0	29.1	27.8-32.2	5	90.0	88.7	87.8-92.2	
3	50.0	49.6	47.8-52.2					

CO2 GAS VERIFICATION				SYSTEM G-101				Unit: ppm
#	STANDARD	MEASURED	ALLOWABLE RANGE	#	STANDARD	MEASURED	ALLOWABLE RANGE	
1	0	0	0-50	4	3016	3012	2926-3107	
2	502	502	452-552	5	5056	5032	4904-5208	
3	1005	1019	955-1055					

CO GAS VERIFICATION				SYSTEM G-101				Unit: ppm
#	STANDARD	MEASURED	ALLOWABLE RANGE	#	STANDARD	MEASURED	ALLOWABLE RANGE	
1	35	36	32-38	2	101	100	98-104	

TSI does hereby certify that the above described instrument conforms to the original manufacturer's specification (not applicable to As Found data) and has been calibrated using standards whose accuracies are traceable to the United States National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) or has been verified with respect to instrumentation whose accuracy is traceable to NIST, or is derived from accepted values of physical constants. TSI's calibration system is registered to ISO-9001:2015.

Measurement Variable	System ID	Last Cal.	Cal. Due	Measurement Variable	System ID	Last Cal.	Cal. Due
Temperature	E010657	02-14-20	02-28-21	Temperature	E010658	02-14-20	02-28-21
Temperature	E010655	01-21-20	01-31-21	Humidity	E003539	02-26-20	08-31-20
5000 CO2	14A044095	04-06-20	04-06-25	200 CO	149886	04-30-20	03-24-28
N2	T-0608	05-19-20	05-19-28	Air	117939	04-09-20	04-09-28
Flow	E003341	09-03-19	09-30-20	Flow	E003980	04-22-20	04-30-21
Flow	E003525	01-06-20	01-31-21	Flow	E003342	09-03-19	09-30-20
2000 C4H8	EB0054467	08-13-19	08-12-22	100 C4H8	CC507339	03-24-20	03-24-28

ChaoVang

CALIBRATED

June 16, 2020

DATE

D:\CHD-CERT_GEN_W00



CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION AND TESTING

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Tel: 1-800-874-2811 1-651-490-2811 Fax: 1-651-490-3824 http://www.tsi.com

ENVIRONMENT CONDITIONS			MODEL	7575-X
TEMPERATURE	70.72 (21.5)	°F (°C)	SERIAL NUMBER	7575X1711006
RELATIVE HUMIDITY	39.0	%RH		
BAROMETRIC PRESSURE	29.15 (987.1)	inHg (hPa)		

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> AS LEFT	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> IN TOLERANCE
<input type="checkbox"/> AS FOUND	<input type="checkbox"/> OUT OF TOLERANCE

- CALIBRATION VERIFICATION RESULTS -

THERMO COUPLE				SYSTEM PRESSURE01-02			Unit: °F (°C)
#	STANDARD	MEASURED	ALLOWABLE RANGE	#	STANDARD	MEASURED	ALLOWABLE RANGE
1	70.9 (21.6)	70.8 (21.6)	68.9-72.9 (20.5-22.7)				

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE				SYSTEM PRESSURE01-02			Unit: inHg (hPa)
#	STANDARD	MEASURED	ALLOWABLE RANGE	#	STANDARD	MEASURED	ALLOWABLE RANGE
1	29.22 (989.5)	29.23 (989.8)	28.64-29.80 (969.9-1009.1)				

TSI does hereby certify that the above described instrument conforms to the original manufacturer's specification (not applicable to As Found data) and has been calibrated using standards whose accuracies are traceable to the United States National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) or has been verified with respect to instrumentation whose accuracy is traceable to NIST, or is derived from accepted values of physical constants. TSI's calibration system is registered to ISO-9001:2015.

Measurement Variable	System ID	Last Cal.	Cal. Due	Measurement Variable	System ID	Last Cal.	Cal. Due
Temperature	E004626	02-14-20	02-28-21	Pressure	E005254	10-10-19	10-31-20
Pressure	E003982	01-24-20	07-31-20	DC Voltage	E003493	08-14-19	08-31-20

Chao Yang

June 15, 2020

CALIBRATED

DATE

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Tel: 1-800-874-2811 1-651-490-2811 Fax: 1-651-490-3824 http://www.tsi.com

ENVIRONMENT CONDITIONS			MODEL	7575-X
TEMPERATURE	70.68 (21.5)	°F (°C)	SERIAL NUMBER	7575X1711006
RELATIVE HUMIDITY	38.0	%RH		
BAROMETRIC PRESSURE	29.16 (987.5)	inHg (hPa)		

<input type="checkbox"/> AS LEFT	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> IN TOLERANCE
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> AS FOUND	<input type="checkbox"/> OUT OF TOLERANCE

- CALIBRATION VERIFICATION RESULTS -

THERMO COUPLE		SYSTEM PRESSURE01-02			Unit: °F (°C)		
#	STANDARD	MEASURED	ALLOWABLE RANGE	#	STANDARD	MEASURED	ALLOWABLE RANGE
1	70.8 (21.6)	71.1 (21.7)	68.8-72.8 (20.4-22.7)				

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE		SYSTEM PRESSURE01-02			Unit: inHg (hPa)		
#	STANDARD	MEASURED	ALLOWABLE RANGE	#	STANDARD	MEASURED	ALLOWABLE RANGE
1	29.22 (989.5)	29.17 (987.8)	28.64-29.80 (969.9-1009.1)				

TSI does hereby certify that the above described instrument conforms to the original manufacturer's specification (not applicable to As Found data) and has been calibrated using standards whose accuracies are traceable to the United States National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) or has been verified with respect to instrumentation whose accuracy is traceable to NIST, or is derived from accepted values of physical constants. TSI's calibration system is registered to ISO-9001:2015.

Measurement Variable	System ID	Last Cal.	Cal. Due	Measurement Variable	System ID	Last Cal.	Cal. Due
Temperature	E004626	02-14-20	02-28-21	Pressure	E005254	10-10-19	10-31-20
Pressure	E003982	01-24-20	07-31-20	DC Voltage	E003493	08-14-19	08-31-20

ChaoVang
VERIFIED

June 15, 2020

DATE

Doc ID CERT_GEN_WCC